

# University of Rajasthan Jaipur

## **SYLLABUS**

(Three/Four Year Under Graduate Programme)

**B.A.** - History

# I& II Semester

## Examination-2024-25

<u>As per NEP – 2020</u>



### Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-51T-151] - [SOURCES OF INDIAN HISTORY] I-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper		NHEQF Level	Credits			
I	HIS-51T- 151	SOURCES OF INDI HISTORY		AN	5	6		
Level of	Type of the	Cre	edit Distribu	tion	Offered	Course Delivery Method		
Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student			
1	MJR	6 6		Yes/No	Lectures			
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline								
Prerequisites			XII Pass					
<b>Objectives of the Course:</b>		<b>Course Objectives</b> Develop a thorough knowledge of the different types of historical sources used in the study of Indian history, including formal and non- formal sources such as written records, oral traditions, and visual materials. To cultivate the ability to critically analyze and interpret various historical sources. To instill an awareness of the ethical considerations in historical research, emphasizing the importance of accurate representation.						



### UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-51T-151- SOURCES OF INDIAN HISTORY – I Semester

### **Detailed Syllabus**

### **HIS-51T-151 SOURCES OF INDIAN HISTORY**

#### Unit - 1

Archaeological sources - their nature and utility

Types of archaeological sources: Epigraphy, Numismatics, and Monuments

Religious literature as source of Ancient History: Vedic, Buddhist, and Jain

(25 lectures)

### Unit - 2

Secular literature: Banabhatta and Kalhana, Barni and Abul Fazl

Traveller's Accounts: Megasthenes, and Hieun-Tsang, Alberuni, Bernier and Tavernier.

(25 lectures)

### Unit - 3

Nature and utility of archival sources

Autobiography as a source of history (Gandhi & Nehru) Newspapers as source of History (A general discussion)

(20 lectures)

### Unit - 4

Literature as the source of History-Bankim Chandra Chatterjee & Prem Chand Non-formal sources like Diaries, Letters, Photographs Oral History Interviews and Folklore

(20 lectures)



### **Recommended Readings:**

Majumdar, R;C. &Pusalkar A.D. (ed):	:	<i>The History and Culture of the Indian People</i> , Vol; I-VII (Relevant Chapters)
Pathak, V.S	:	Historians of Ancient India;
Philips, C; H	:	Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon
Upadhyaya, Baldev:	:	Sanskrit Sahitya Ka Itihas
Bernier, J.B.	:	Travels in the Mughal Empire (1656-68 A;D;)
Mohibbul Hasan	:	Historians of Medieval India
Saksena, R;K	:	<i>Madhyakalin</i> Itihaskar, Vol; I & II
T. Rayachaudhari, T	:	Europe Reconsidered
	:	Guide to National Archives
Melvin E. Page, Brian J. Maxson	:	A Short Guide to Writing about History: Tenth Edition. N.p., Waveland Press, 2023.

### **Course Learning Outcomes**

Students will be able to identify and classify various types of historical sources, including formal and non-formal sources, written records, oral traditions, and visual materials. Students will demonstrate the ability to critically analyze and interpret different historical sources, evaluating their reliability, significance, and context to construct well-informed historical narratives. Students will effectively apply interdisciplinary research methods, incorporating techniques from archaeology, epigraphy, numismatics, and anthropology to enhance their study and understanding of Indian history.



### Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-51T-152] - [History of India (From the Stone Age till 1200 C.E.)] I-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper			NHEQF Level	Credits	
I	HIS-51T- 152	History of India (From the Stone Age till 1200 C.E.)		5	6		
Level of	Type of the	Credit Distribution			Offered	Course Delivery	
Course	V 1		Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method	
1	MJR	6 6 Yes/No		Lectures			
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline					1	1	
Prerequisites		XII Pass					
<b>Objectives of the Course:</b>		understan familiariz the study social, e different j student's will exam and emp examinat develop	iding of the ce students w of ancient In conomic, re periods of an knowledge a nine the contr ires that sha ion and inte	history of ith the main adian histo eligious, a cient India nd critical ributions an uped ancies rpretation bilities an	students w India up to n sources and ry. By explor and cultural n history, the thinking skills and achieveme nt Indian civ of historical d a deeper story.	1200 CE. I methodolo ring the maj developme course aime s. Additiona nts of variou vilization. T sources, st	It seeks to gies used in or political, ents during s to develop lly, students us dynasties Through the rudents will



### UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-51T-152-– History of India (From the Stone Age till 1200 C.E.) – I Semester

### **Detailed Syllabus**

### HIS-51T-152 History of India (From the Stone Age till 1200 C.E.)

### Unit - 1

Main sources of the history of India up to 1200 CE A brief survey of Prehistoric times in India. The Indus-Saraswati civilization – origin, extent, salient features, line and continuity. The Vedic age – Vedic literature, polity, society, economy and religion, a brief survey of Iron age cultures in India. Rise of Janapadas and Mahajanapadas – monarchies and republics. Rise of Magadhan imperialism upto the Nandas; Jainism and Buddhism – origin, teachings, contribution.

### (25 lectures)

### **Unit - 2**

The Mauryan empire – main sources, Chandragupta Maurya and Asoka's Dhamma -its nature and propagation. Mauryan state and administration, society and economy, art, and architecture, Decline of the Mauryas, The Post – Mauryan period (c.200 C.E. to 300 C.E.) achievements of the Sungas, Satavahanas, Sakas and Kushanas. Social, Religious and Economic life and development of literature and arts during the post-Mauryan period. The Sangam Age – literature, society, economy, and culture.

(25 lectures)

### Unit - 3

The Gupta empire- achievements of Samudragupta, Chandragupta II, Vikramaditya, and Skandagupta; State and administrative institutions; Social and economic life; Religious thought and institutions

(20 lectures)

Unit-4



Development in literature, arts and. Post Gupta Period till 750 C.E. – achievements of the Vardhanas, Chalukyas, and Pallavas. Tripartite Struggle. The Imperial Cholas and their achievements. A study of social and economic changes and a brief survey of cultural life during the c. 750 to 1200 C.E.

(20 lectures)

H.D. Sankalia :		Prehistory of India, MurishiramMonoharlal, New Delhi, 1977						
Dilip K. Chakarbarti		India. An Arachnological History (Palaeolithic beginnings to Early						
	:	Historic Foundations) Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999						
B.B. Lal	:	India 1947-1997 : New Light on the indus Civilisation, Delhi 1998						
R.K. Mookerjee	:	Chandragupta Maurya and His Time, Delhi, 1952 (also in Hindi)						
B.N. Puri	:	India under the Kushanas, Bombay, 1965						
Majumdar, R.C & A.C. Altekar	:	The Vakataka Gupta Age (Also In Hindi)						
Baij Nath Sharma	:	Harsha & his times, Varansai, 1970						
A.N. Sastri	:	A History of South India (also in Hindi)						
Romila Thapar	:	A History of India, Vol I, Penguin, 1966						
	:	Asoka& the Decline of the Mauryas, 3 <sup>rd</sup> impression, Dellhi, 1999						
UpinderSingh	:	A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India (From the						
		Stone Age to the 12 <sup>th</sup> Century) Pearson Longaman, Delhi						
		2009						
विदुला जायसवाल एवं के. थपल्याल	:	<i>भारतीय इतिहास का नव—प्रसार युग,</i> दिल्ली, 1992						
जे.पी. शुक्ला	:	<i>सिन्धु सभ्यता</i> लखनऊ, 1976						
मदनमोहन सिंह		<i>बुद्ध कालीन समाज और धर्म,</i> पटना 1972						
एल. गुप्ता		गुप्त साम्राज्य						
शुद्धानन्द पाठक	:	<i>उत्तर भारत का राजनीतिक इतिहास,</i> लखनऊ, 1990						
बलराम श्रीवास्तव	:	दक्षिण भारत का इतिहास, वारायासी, 1968						
ए.सीश्रीवास्तव	:	प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास तथा संस्कृति, इलाहाबाद						

### Recommended Readings:

### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

By the end of this course, students will have a sound knowledge of the main sources and methodologies used in studying ancient Indian history. Overall, the course aims to provide a



comprehensive understanding of ancient Indian history. The students shall develop analytical and critical thinking skills in interpreting historical sources.



### Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-52T-153] - [HISTORY OF WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT] II-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper			NHEQF Level	Credits	
П	HIS-52T- 153	HISTORY OF WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT		5	6		
Level of	Type of the	Credit Distribution Offered				Course	Delivery
Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student	Me	thod
2	MJR	6 6 Yes/No		Lectures			
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline							
Prerequisites							
Objectives of the Course:		understar political Rousseau historical contribut perspectiv seeks to c to comp implicatio course ain fostering communi	ading of the s philosophers , Marx, and and intelle ions to politives on gover levelop stude are and co ons for cont ms to enhanc strong analy	foundationa foundationa s, including Mary Woll ectual con ical though mance, hur ents' critical ntrast diff emporary e students' tical and in nderstandin	students w al ideas and t g Plato, Aris stonecraft. St texts that s t, gaining in nan nature, a thinking skil erent politic political prac ability to eng terpretative s g of comple	heories of k stotle, Hobl udents will haped thes sight into the and society. Is by encour al theories stice. Addit gage with pr kills, and to	key Western bes, Locke, explore the se thinkers' heir diverse The course raging them and their ionally, the imary texts, o effectively





### UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-52T-153— HISTORY OF WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT – II Semester

### **Detailed Syllabus**

### HIS-52T-153 HISTORY OF WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

### Unit - I

Plato: His theory of Justice; Ideas on Education system; Concept of Philosopher King;Later Modification in *The Laws* 

Aristotle: His concept of State;Meaning and classification of Constitutions; Contribution to political thought

### (25 lectures)

### Unit - II

Hobbes: Ideas of Scientific Materialism, Theory of Social Contract and the nature of State.

Locke; Concept of Natural Rights and Social Contract Theory.

Rousseau: Doctrine of General Will Theory of Social Contract, Concept of Sovereignty.

(25 lectures)

### Unit - III

Hegel: The Idealist Tradition, Theory and nature of State Marx: Dialectical Materialism; Economic interpretation of History Theory of Class Struggle

### (20 lectures)

### Unit - IV

A close reading of the following texts:

Mary Wollstonecraft: A Vindication of the Rights of Women : With strictures on Political and Moral Subjects

Simone de Beauvoir : The Second Sex

### (20 lectures)



### **Recommended Readings:**

Catlin, George	:	History of Political Philosophers
Coker, F.W	:	Recent Political Thought;
Sabine, George, H	:	A History of Political Thought;
Sood, J.P.	:	History of Political Thought
VermaV.P	:	Rajnitik Chintan Ka Itihas;
Wollstonecraft	:	A Vindication of the Rights of Women
Beauvoir, Simone	:	The Second Sex
Ackerly Brooke	:	Political Theory and Feminists Social Criticism
Butler, Judith and Scott, Joan W	:	Feminists Theorize the Political

### **Course Learning Outcomes**

By the end of this course, students will be able to critically evaluate and articulate the key political theories and contributions of major Western political philosophers including Plato, Aristotle, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Marx, and Mary Wollstonecraft. Students will develop the ability to compare and contrast these thinkers' ideas on governance, human nature, and society, demonstrating a deep understanding of their historical and intellectual contexts. They will also be skilled in analyzing the impact of these political theories on contemporary political thought and practice. Additionally, students will gain proficiency in engaging with primary texts, enhancing their analytical and interpretative skills, and effectively communicating complex political ideas in both written and oral formats.



### Syllabus [UG9106] - [HIS-52T-154] - [WORLD HISTORY –I (EARLIEST TIMES TILL REFORMATION)] II-Semester - [HISTORY]

Semester	Code of the Course	Title of the Course/Paper		NHEQF Level	Credits		
п	HIS-52T- 154	WORLD HISTORY –I (EARLIEST TIMES TILL REFORMATION)			5	6	
Level of	Type of the	Cre	Credit Distribution			Course Delivery	
Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Total	to NC Student	Method	
2	MJR	6		6	Yes/No	Lectures	
List of Programme Codes in which Offered as Minor Discipline Prerequisites							
Objectives of the Course:		world his on majo historical civilizatio technolog seeks to and con encourag Additiona with dive complexi	tory from the or civilization events. Stud- ons, the develop develop stud- sequences of ing critical the ally, the coun- erse historication ty of historication	e earliest the ons, cultur dents will lopment of ements that ents' analy of key has hinking ab- rse aims to al sources cal narration	dents with a imes until the ral developm explore the f early societ t shaped hun tical skills by istorical eve out historical enhance stu , fostering a ives and imp nding through	e Reformation nents, and rise and fall ies, and the nan history. y examining ents and n change and dents' ability on appreciat proving thei	on, focusing significant of ancient cultural and The course the causes novements, continuity. y to engage ion for the r ability to



### UG9106 – Three Year/Four year/ Bachelor of Arts/History - HIS-52T-154-- WORLD HISTORY –I (EARLIEST TIMES TILL REFORMATION) – II Semester

### **Detailed Syllabus**

### HIS-52T-154 WORLD HISTORY –I (EARLIEST TIMES TILL REFORMATION) Unit - I

Comparative Study of Egyptian, Sumerian and Chinese civilizations with reference to religion, art, state, society, and development of science; Heritage of these civilizations; Confucianism and its role in China

(25 Lectures)

### Unit - II

The Periclean Age in Greece, the Growth of state and society; Development of science and art; Republican tradition in ancient Rome; Rise of Roman Imperialism; Roman Law and its contribution

(25 Lectures)

### Unit – III

Rise of Christianity and the establishment of Christendom; Birth of Islam and its impact; The Arab civilisation and its contributions Crusades and their impact on Europe; Growth of European feudalism and its decline; The rise of commercial class

(20 Lectures)



Unit – IV

Renaissance, meaning and causes, Nature of Development of Art and Literature in Italy,England and France; Reformation Movement; Martin Luther and his contributions Counter-Reformationin Europe; Impact of Reformation

(20 Lectures)

### Recommended Readings:

Burns and Ralph V. Gordon Childe	:	World Civilizations. What Happened in History.
Amar Farooqui	:	Early Social Formations.
M. I. Finley	:	The Ancient Economy.
Jacquetta	:	First Civilizations.
Hawkes		
H. W. F. Saggs	:	The Greatness that was Babylon.
B. Trigger	:	Ancient Egypt: A Social History.
	:	UNESCO Series: History of Mankind, Vols. I - III./ or New ed.
	:	History of Humanity.
	:	G. E. M. Ste Croix: Class Struggles in the Ancient Greek World.
J. D. Bernal	:	Science in History, Vol. I.

### **Course Learning Outcomes:**

By the end of this course, students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of major civilizations, cultural developments, and significant events from the earliest times until the Reformation. They will be capable of analyzing the causes and consequences of key historical events, assessing their impact on subsequent developments in world history. Students will gain proficiency in engaging with diverse historical sources, enhancing their ability to interpret and critically evaluate primary and secondary materials. Additionally, they will be able to effectively communicate their historical insights and arguments through well-structured written and oral presentations, demonstrating a nuanced understanding of the complexities of historical narratives and the interconnectedness of global historical processes.



